Wildlife Corridor Camera Trap Study

PREPARED FOR BAINBRIDGE ISLAND LAND TRUST
MARCH 5TH, 2015

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Summary

• Question: What kind of activities are occurring in in the Wildlife Corridor and what is the relationship between the wildlife and human activities?

Case Study

- Coyote home range in metropolitan area (Stanley D. Gehrt, et al. 2009)
 - Urban and rural areas of Chicago
 - Fragmented habitat lead to increase in home range
 - In urban areas Coyote used the night to move in urban areas to another part of their home range

Summary Continued

- 8 Cameras, 3 study sites
- All pictures are saved but only pictures with people

or wildlife were used

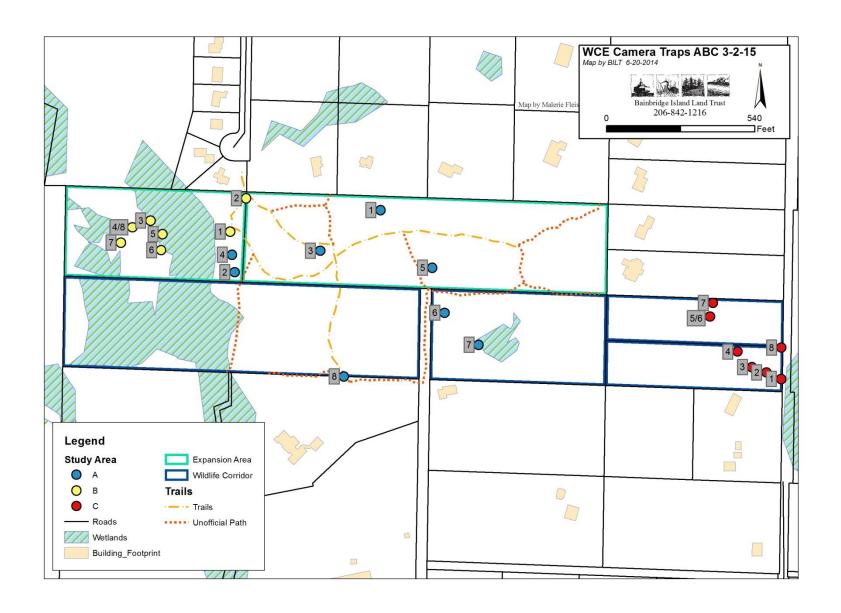
- Data retrieved from photos:
 - Camera number
 - o Date
 - o Time
 - Species

Camera	Date	Time	Species	Location (ft.)	Habitat	Notes
2	7/30/2014	1337	Mallard	~28.27 ft. from Trail	Facing Pond	
2	7/30/2014	1403	Mallard	~92.68 ft. from wetland	Facing Pond	
2	7/31/2014	1640	People	~297.48 ft. Building	Pond and Trail	
2	8/4/2014	926	People		Pond and Trail	
2	9/4/2014	1247	People		Pond and Trail	
2	9/12/2014	818	People		Trail	
2	9/14/2014	1020	People		Trail	
2	9/15/2014	1457	people		Trail	
2	9/15/2014	1515	people		Trail	
2	9/14/2014	1018	people & Dog		Trail	
2	9/15/2014	1457	people & dog		Trail	
2	8/11/2014	1145-1153	People & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	8/11/2014	1044-1053	people & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	8/14/2014	1331	People & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	8/14/2014	1231	People & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	8/26/2014	843	People & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	9/2/2014	956-1212	People & Horse		Pond and Trail	
2	7/29/2014	2233	Raccoon		Facing Pond	
2	8/24/2014	00_16	Unknown			

 There have not been any statistical analysis done to this data and the graphs are just another representation of the Data

Process

- After going through all photos and collecting the ones with a subject each photo is named
 - Name convention Date, time, species i.e 021315_1020_Squirrel(1)
- Inputting the information in Excel
 - At first, I hand input all relevant data
 - Later Brenda and Avery suggested writing a script
- Graphs were generated from what I thought were easily comparable i.e. number of species and time of day

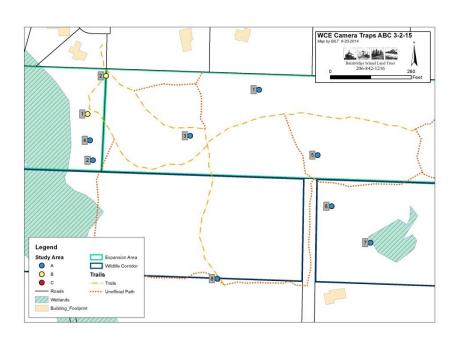


- July 31st, 2014 September 18th, 2014
- Total Encounters: 298

High human use ranging from; strolls, walking dogs,

horse riding

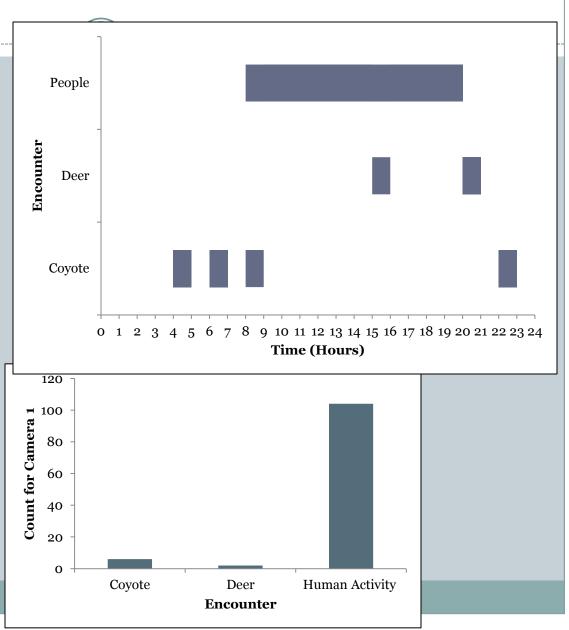




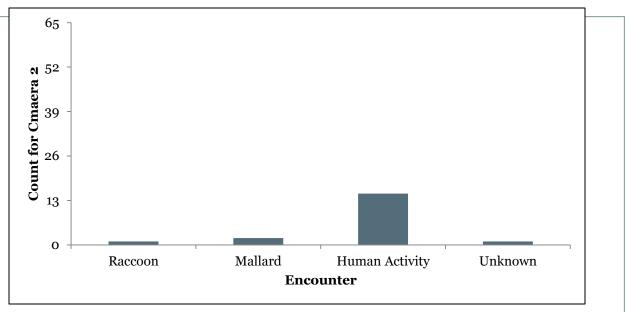
Encounters

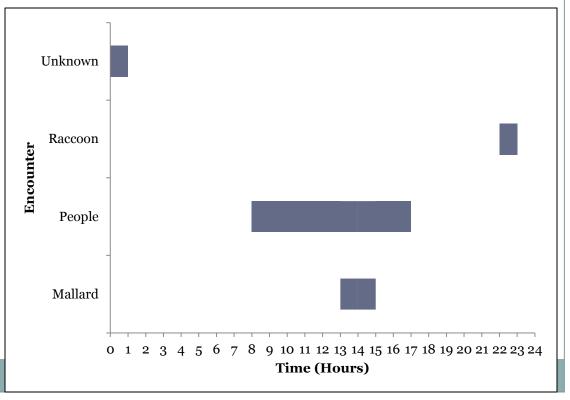
Study Site A

- Camera 1
 - Closest
 - × Trail 95ft
 - × Wetland 593ft
 - × Building 156ft
 - Most encounters
 - 112 Encounters
 - ➤ Human activity: 104
 - × Coyote: 6
 - × Deer: 2



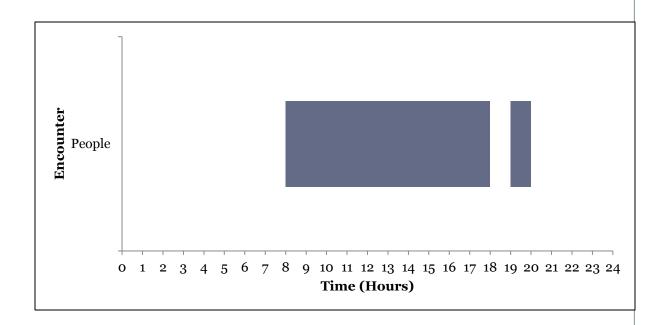
- Closest
 - × Trail 28ft
 - × Wetland 92ft
 - × Building 297ft
- o 19 Encounters
 - x Raccoon: 1
 - × Mallard: 2
 - × Human Activities: 15
 - × Unknown: 1





Camera 3

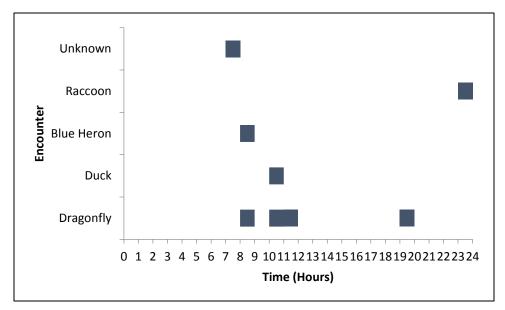
- Closest
 - × Trail 27ft
 - × Wetland 384ft
 - × Building 270ft

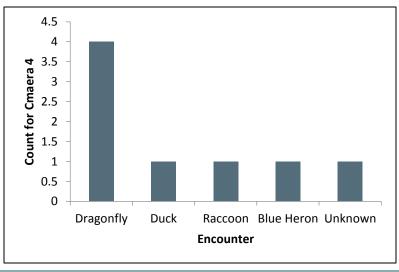


Only Human Encounters: 20



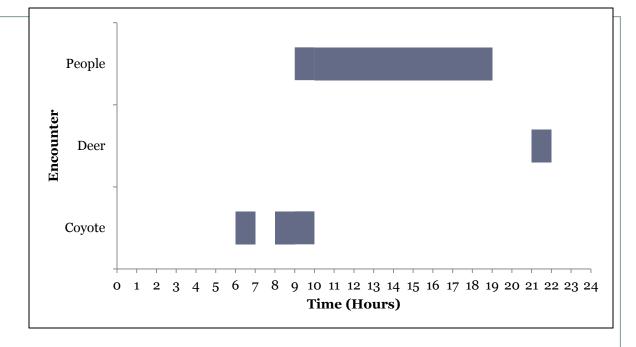
- Closest
 - × Trail 71ft
 - × Wetland 62ft
 - × Building 260ft
- Encounters 8
 - ➤ Dragonfly: 4
 - × Duck: 1
 - × Raccoon: 1
 - x Blue Heron: 1
 - × Unknown: 1

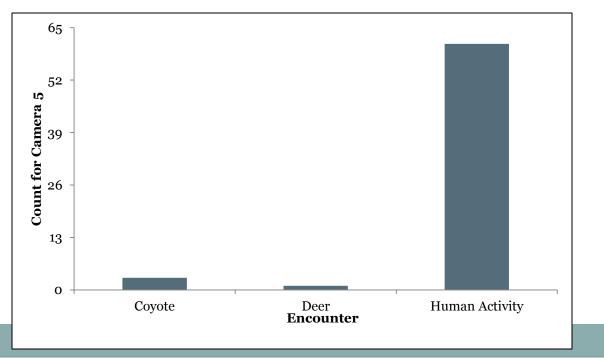




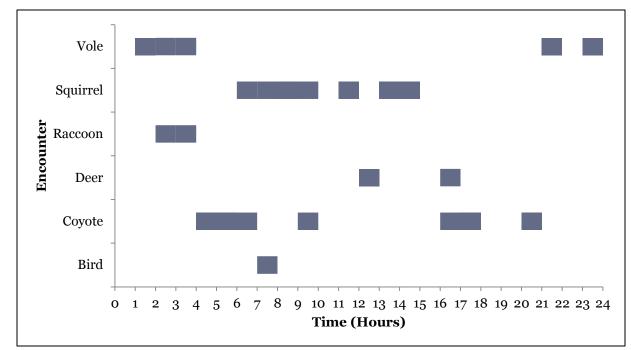
- Closest
 - × Trail 47ft
 - × Wetland 311ft
 - × Building 350ft
- o Encounters 65

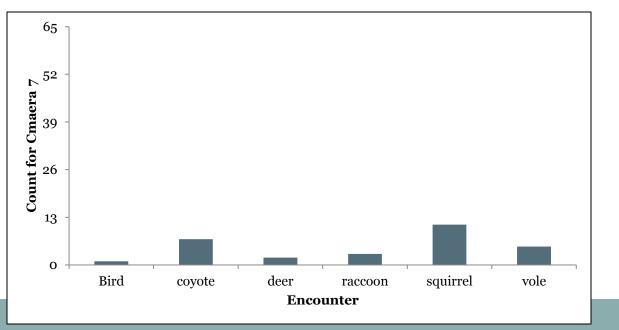
 - × Coyote: 3
 - × Deer: 1



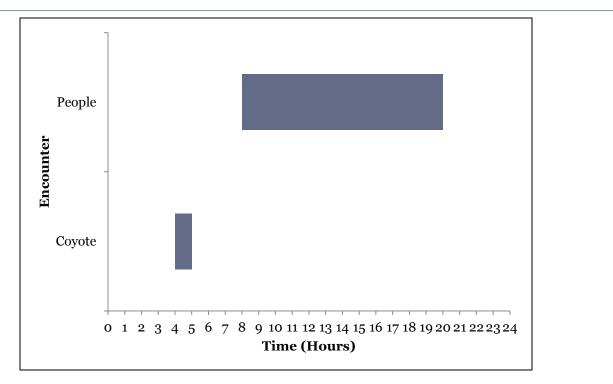


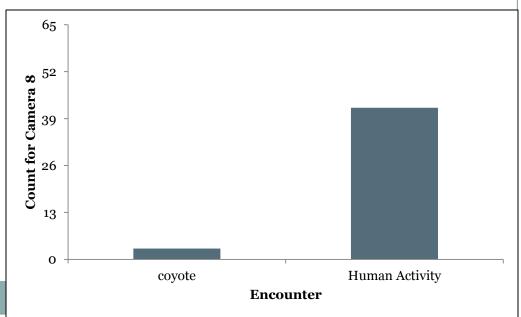
- Closest
 - × Trail 186ft
 - × Wetland 4ft
 - × Building 171ft
- o Encounter 29
 - × Bird: 1
 - × Coyote: 7
 - × Deer: 2
 - × Raccoon: 3
 - × Squirrel: 11
 - × Vole: 5



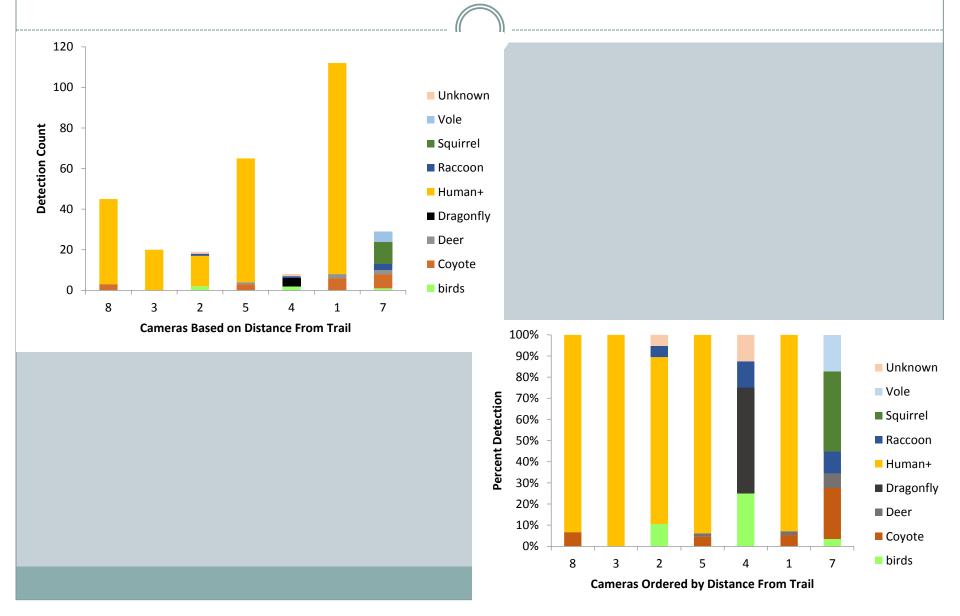


- Closest
 - × Trail 6ft
 - × Wetland 431ft
 - × Building 240ft
- Encounter 45
 - x Human activity: 42
 - × Coyote: 3



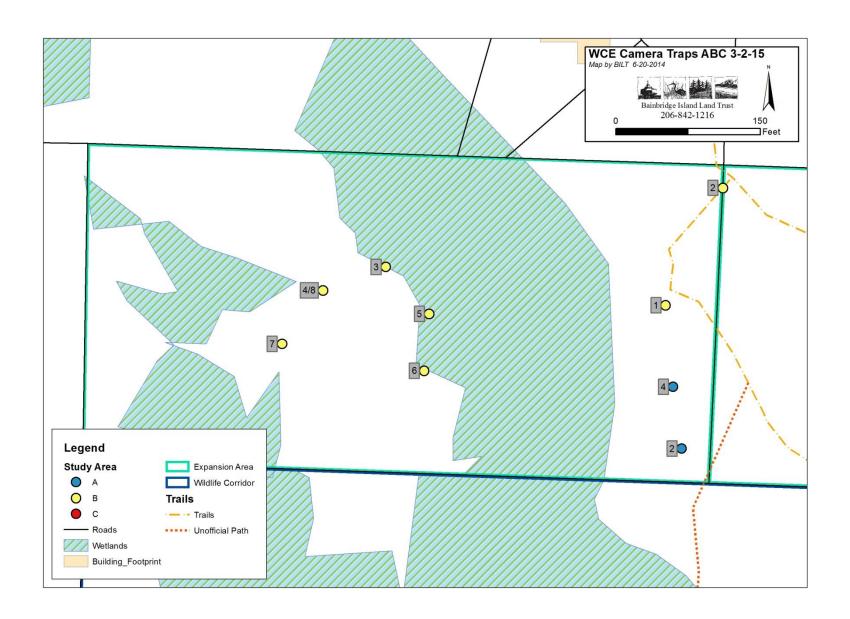


Study Site A Comparison



- September 19th, 2014 January 20th, 2015
- Total Encounters: 163
- Cameras 1 and 2 were east of wetlands
 - Study Sites were recorded based on date that's why 1 and 2 are grouped with site B
- Cameras 3 -8 within wetlands

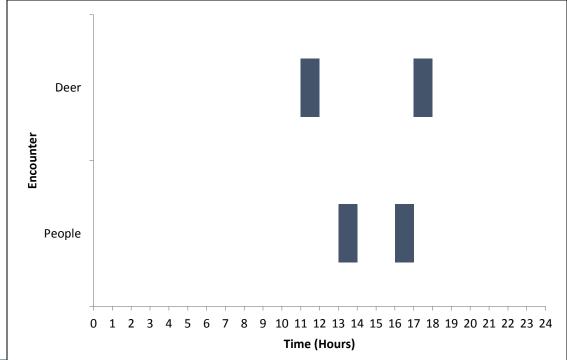




Study Site B East of Wetland

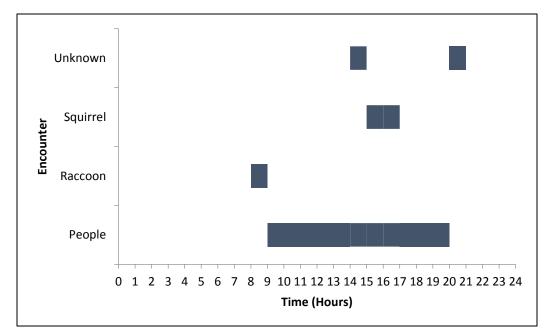
- Closest
 - × Trail 34ft
 - × Wetland 57ft
 - × Building 171ft
- Encounters 4
 - × Human Activity: 2
 - × Deer: 2

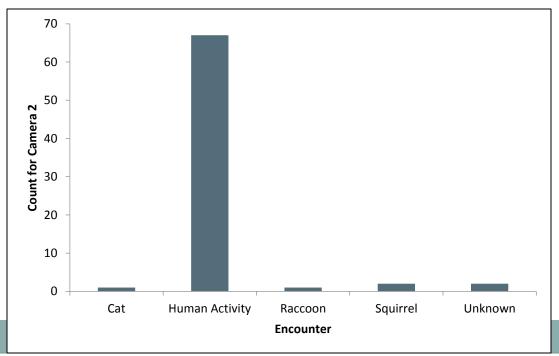




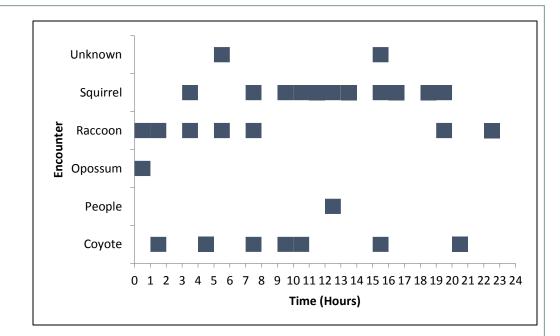
Study Site B East of Wetland

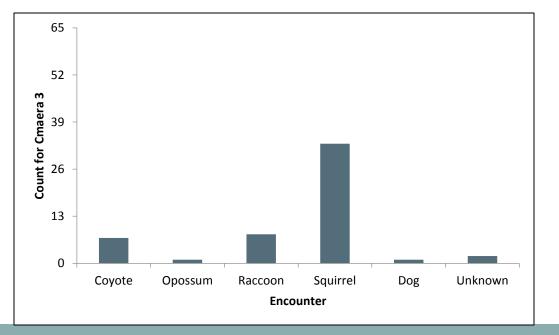
- Closest
 - × On Trail
 - × Wetland 164ft
 - × Building 85ft
- Encounters 73
 - × Human Activity: 67
 - × Cat:1
 - × Raccoon: 1
 - × Squirrel:2
 - × Unknown: 2



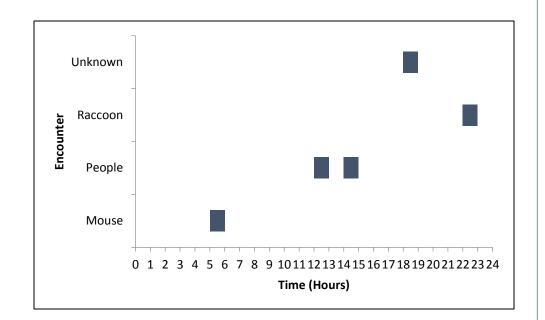


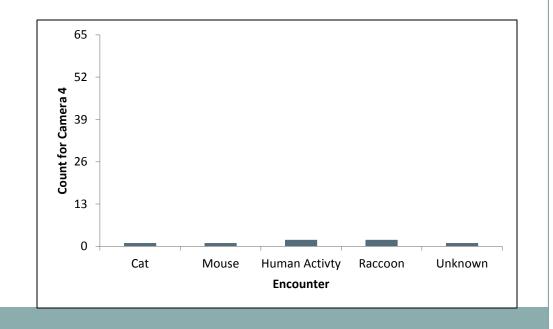
- Closest
 - × No Trail
 - × Within Wetland
 - **x** Building 278.69ft
- o Encounter 52
 - × Coyote: 7
 - × Opossum: 1
 - × Raccoon: 8
 - × Squirrel: 33
 - × Dog: 1
 - × Unknown:2



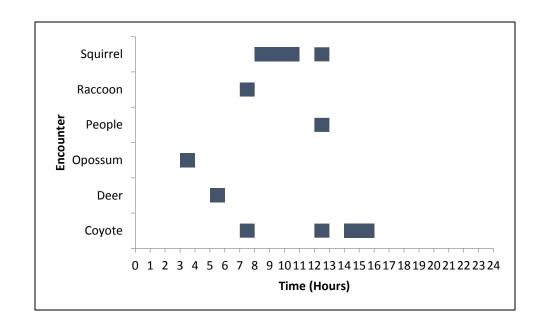


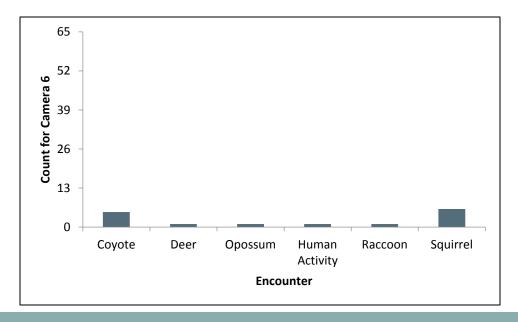
- Closest
 - × No Trail
 - × Wetland 29.01ft
 - **x** Building 347.49ft
- Encounter 7
 - ➤ Human Activity: 2
 - **×** Cat: 1
 - × Mouse: 1
 - × Raccoon: 2
 - × Unknown:1



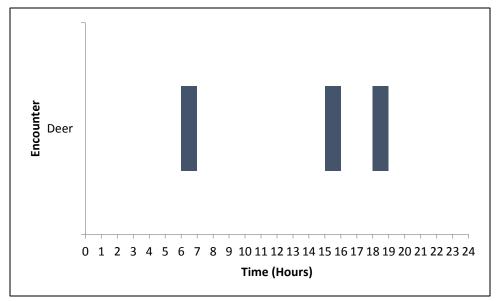


- Closest
 - × No Trail
 - x In Wetland
 - **x** Building 319.34ft
- o Encounter 15
 - ➤ Human Activity: 1
 - × Coyote: 5
 - × Deer: 1
 - × Opossum: 1
 - × Raccoon: 1
 - × Squirrel: 6



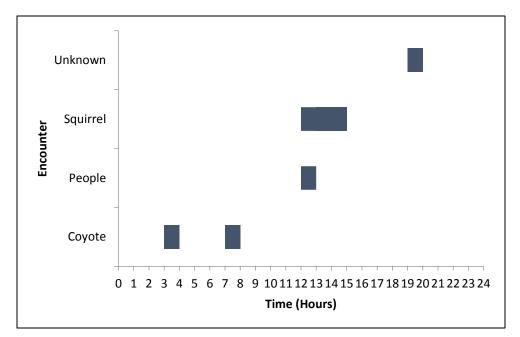


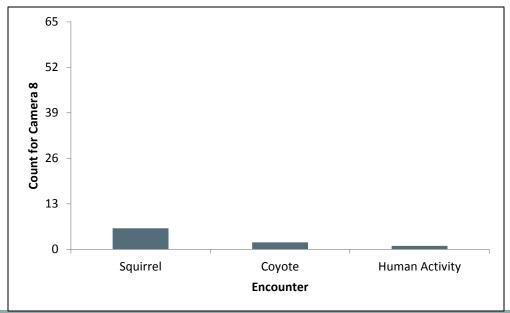
- Closest
 - × No Trail
 - × Wetland 29ft
 - × Building 412ft
- Encounters 3
 - × Deer: 3



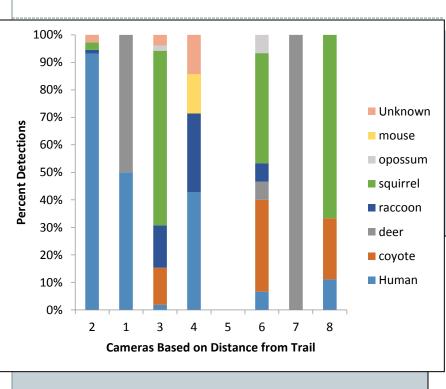


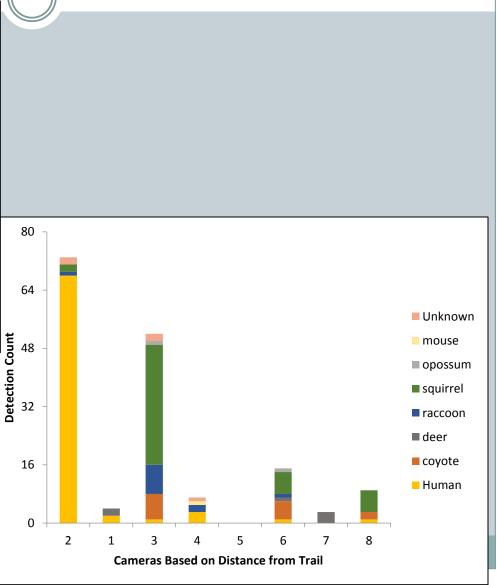
- Closest
 - × No Trail
 - × Wetland 29.01ft
 - **x** Building 347.49ft
- Encounter 9
 - × Human Activity: 1
 - × Coyote: 2
 - × Squirrel: 6





Study Area B Comparison



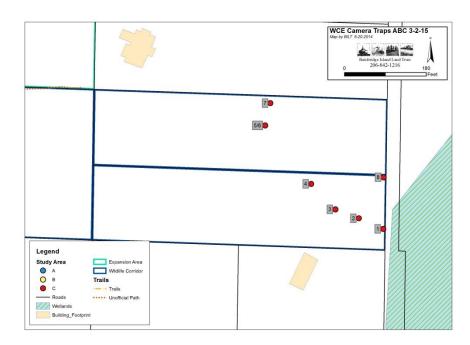


Study Area C

- January 27th, 2015 February 24th, 2015
- Total Encounters: 49

Next to Meig's Park, Trail separating study site and

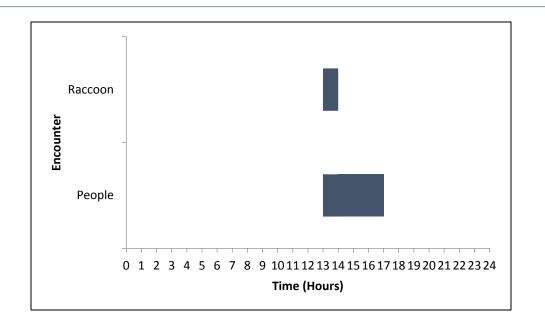
park

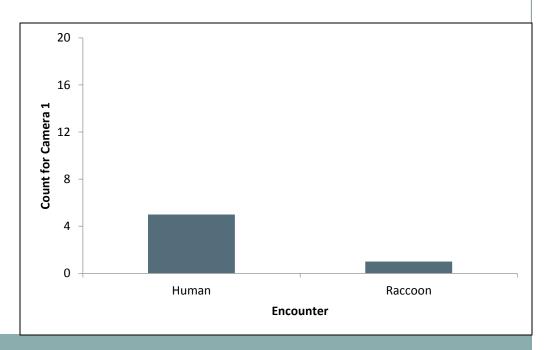




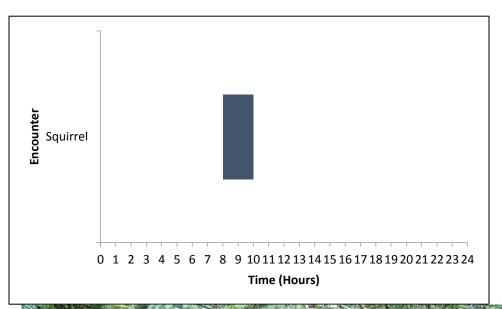


- Closest
 - × Trail 18ft
 - × Wetland 17ft
 - × Building 162ft
- Encounters 6
 - × Human Activity: 5
 - × Raccoon: 1





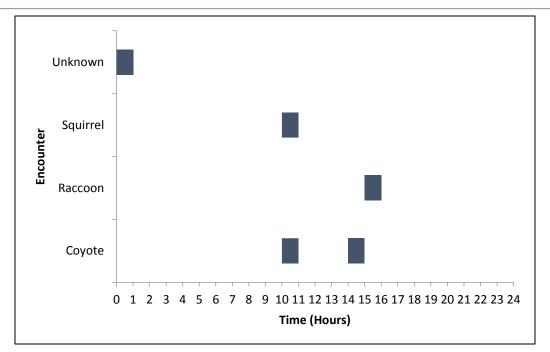
- Closest
 - × Trail 126ft
 - ➤ Building 116.78ft
- o Encounters 2
 - × Grey Squirrel: 2

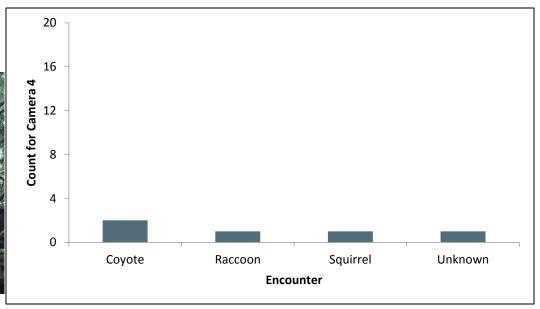




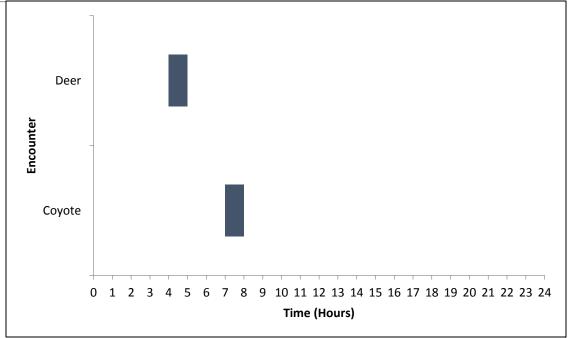
- Camera 4
 - Closest
 - × Trail 179ft
 - × Building 151ft
 - Encounters 5
 - × Coyote: 2
 - × Raccoon: 1
 - × Squirrel :1
 - × Unknown :1

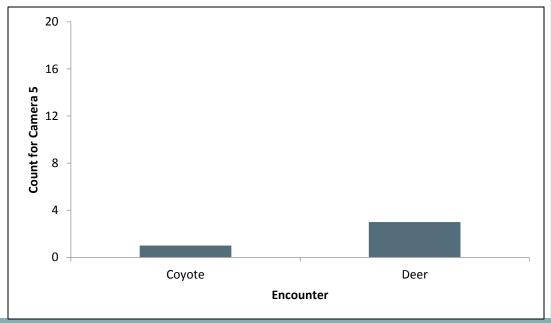




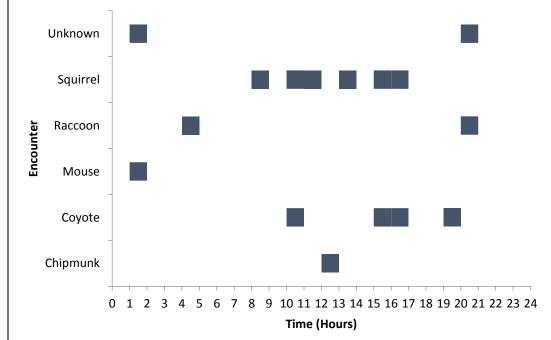


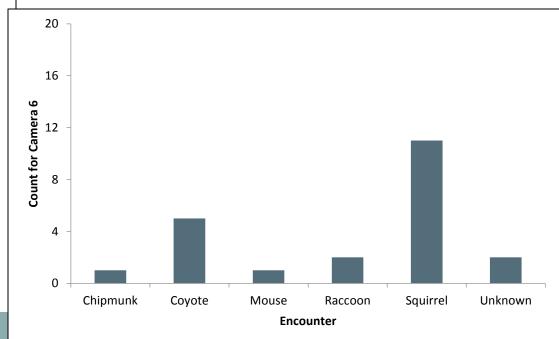
- Closest
 - x Trail 282ft
 - × Building 299ft
- Encounters 4
 - × Coyote: 1
 - × Deer: 3



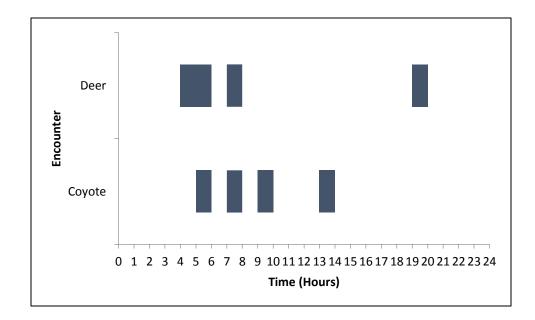


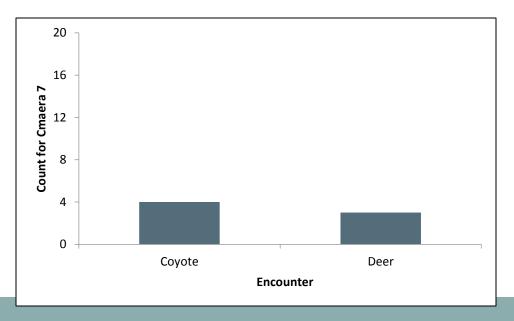
- Closest
 - × Trail 282ft
 - × Building 299ft
- Encounters 22
 - × Chipmunk: 1
 - × Coyote: 5
 - × Mouse: 1
 - × Raccoon: 2
 - × Squirrel: 11
 - × Unknown: 2



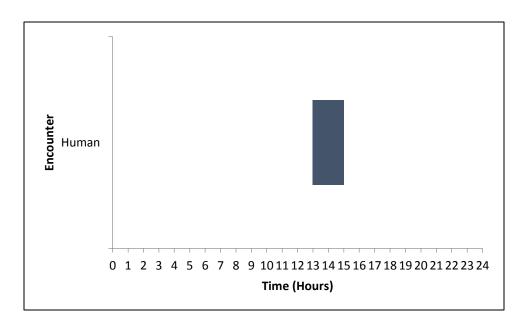


- Closest
 - × Trail 271ft
 - × Building 279ft
- Encounter 7
 - × Coyote: 4
 - × Deer: 3



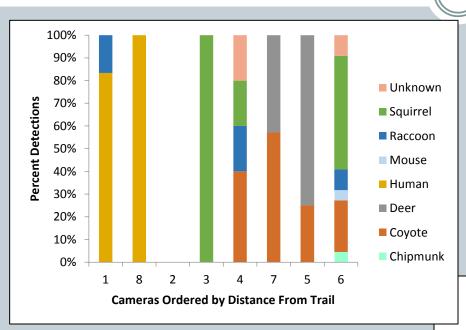


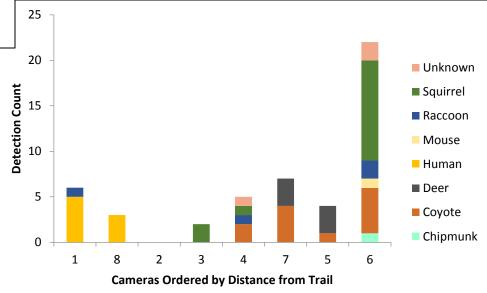
- Closest
 - x Trail 20ft
 - × Wetland 64ft
 - × Building 240ft
- Encounters 3
 - × Human Activity: 3



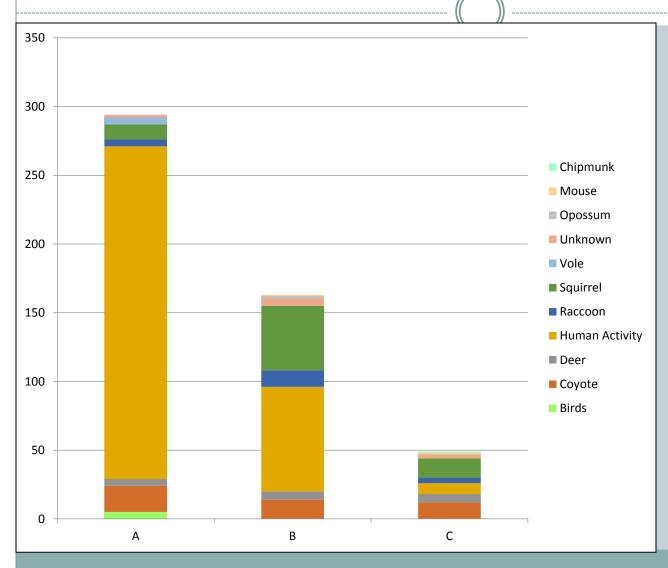


Study Area C Comparison



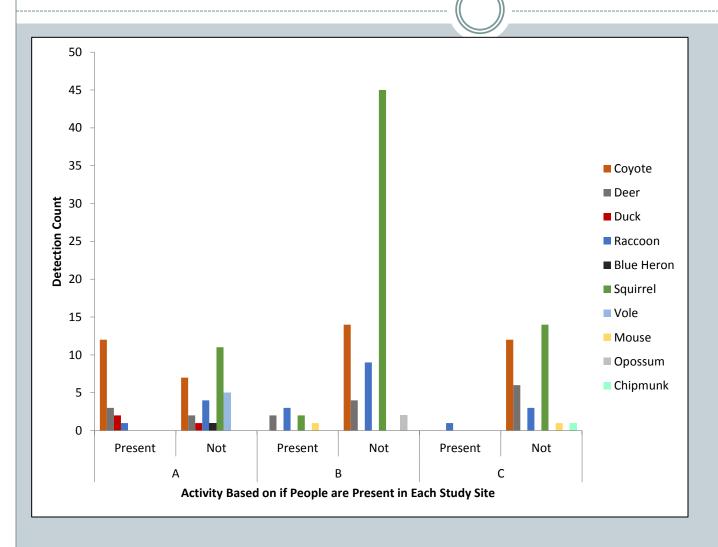


Study Site Comparison



- If Camera 2 from site B
 was removed then the
 activities in site B and C
 would be similar
- There seems to be similar amount of coyote activity
- Squirrels prefer sites with less people

Study Site Comparison Continued

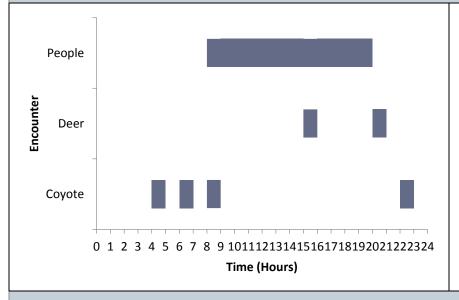


- Sites B and C saw increase wildlife activity with people absent
- Squirrels, Coyotes, Raccoons and Deer showed the most activity when people were absent
- No dramatic change in Site A
- Result from the large number of trails

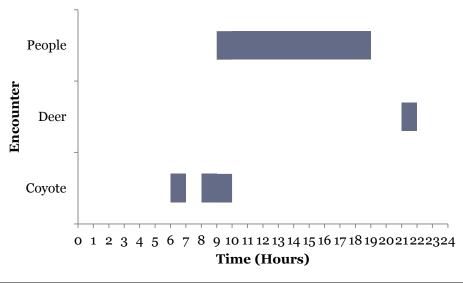
Activity Based on Time Detected

• Wildlife is more active when there is a lack of human activity throughout the day

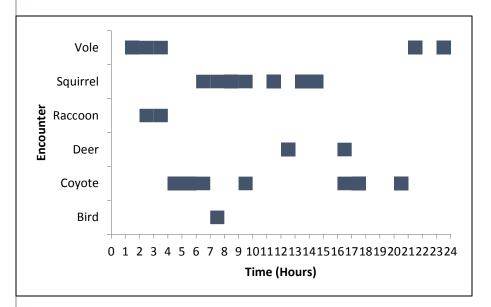
SSA Cam 1



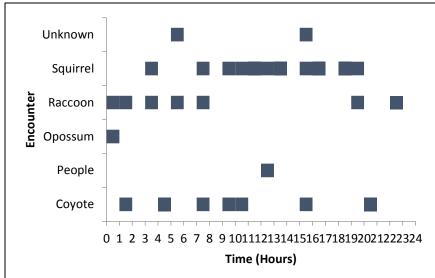
SSA Cam 5



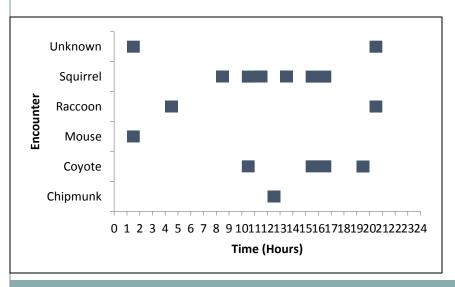
SSA Cam 7



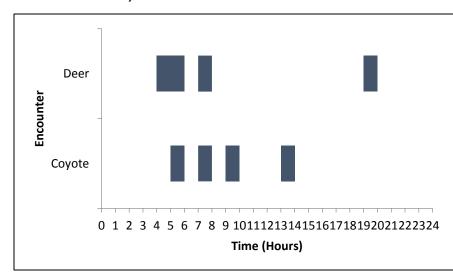
SSB Cam 3



SSC Cam 6



SSC Cam 7



Limitations

- Time of year that each site was studied
 - Study Site A was observed during the summer to autumn
 - Study Site B was autumn to winter
 - Study Site C winter to spring
- Duration of each camera was not consistent
- Camera Malfunction
 - There were a couple cameras that broke throughout the project
 - × Some didn't turn on until dried
 - Some cameras took 6000+ pictures
 - × Fixed itself

Improvements

- Having more cameras out
 - Might be more time consuming
 - As long as details are logged stagger which cameras are checked
- Randomize where cameras are placed
 - o Limits how clumped cameras will be
- Taking time to record surrounding habitat
 - Ground cover
 - Canopy cover
 - o Slope
 - o Etc.

Conclusion

- With the limited data gathered it seems as long as there isn't human activity wildlife will use the corridor anytime of the day.
- Study Site Cs proximity to the park could be factor for activity
- The middle of the corridor gets significant activity from horses and dogs